



**For more information, contact:**

Blair Hinderliter  
RESULTS Educational Fund  
+1 202 783 4800 x126  
bhinderliter@results.org

## **The Global Fund 2010: Innovation and Impact**

### ***Key Messages...***

#### **...for Members of Congress (in follow up to your appropriation request):**

- The Global Fund is the most effective tool we have in the fight against HIV/AIDS, tuberculosis and malaria. Programs supported by the Global Fund have saved an estimated 4.9 million lives.
- As of December 2009, programs financed by the Global Fund: provided AIDS treatment to 2.5 million people and provided 790,000 HIV-positive pregnant women with treatment to prevent mother-to-child transmission of HIV; provided TB treatment to 6 million people; and distributed 104 million insecticide-treated nets to prevent malaria and treated 108 million cases of malaria (at least ten countries in Africa have reported an impressive decline in child mortality due to malaria of 50 to 80 percent!).
- 2010 will be decisive. This is the year we decide if we will meet the health-related Millennium Development Goals: MDG 4, reduce by two thirds the child mortality rate; MDG 5, reduce by three quarters maternal mortality; and MDG 6, to have halted and begun to reverse the spread of HIV/AIDS, malaria and TB by 2015.
- The Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria has a lead role to play in the race to meet these goals, and it can be done. The Global Fund estimates it will need \$20 billion from donors over the next three years to continue funding of successful programs and to scale-up life-saving programs to make faster progress to achieve or even exceed the health-related MDGs.
- The Global Fund is the model for effective and efficient foreign aid. Every dollar donated to the Global Fund goes to fund programs in country — there are no country offices and its operating expenses are covered by the interest earned on its contributions.
- The Global Fund actively contributes to global efforts to improve aid effectiveness, especially in the area of managing for results, by playing a leading role in monitoring effectiveness and sharing its experiences with performance-based funding.
- The Global Fund continues to increase value for money, most recently by a cost-benefit analysis of its investments in key interventions. As a result, to date nearly US\$ 1 billion in efficiency savings have been identified in grants for reinvestment in other programs.
- Through its portfolio of grants in 144 countries, the Global Fund has developed and is strengthening data analysis of unit costs for HIV, TB, and malaria services. The analysis will help develop a global norm for efficient unit costs and assist countries to compare their costs. This analysis will institute savings, reveal best practices, and assist in assessing resource-need estimates in future grant applications.

***(Turn Over for Key Media Messages)***

## **Key Messages...**

### **...for Editorial Writers:**

- The Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria has a lead role to play in the race to meet Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) 4, 5, and 6, and it can be done. However, estimates show that the Global Fund will need \$20 billion in new funding over the next three years to make this a reality.
- The Global Fund is the model for effective foreign aid. Every dollar donated to the Global Fund goes to fund programs in country — there are no country offices and its operating expenses are covered by the interest earned on its contributions.
- The Global Fund actively contributes to global efforts to improve aid effectiveness, especially in the area of managing for results, by playing a leading role in monitoring effectiveness and sharing its experiences with performance-based funding.
- The Global Fund continues to increase value for money, most recently by cost-benefit analyses of its investments in key interventions. As a result, to date nearly US\$ 1 billion in efficiency savings have been identified in grants for reinvestment in other programs.
- Through its portfolio of grants in 144 countries, the Global Fund has developed and is strengthening data analysis of unit costs for HIV, TB, and malaria services. The analysis will help develop a global norm for efficient unit costs and assist countries to compare their costs. This analysis will institute savings, reveal best practices and waste, and assist in assessing resource-need estimates in future grant applications.

### **...for Health Reporters:**

- The Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria has a lead role to play in the race to meet Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) 4, 5, and 6, and it can be done. However, estimates show that the Global Fund will need \$20 billion in new funding over the next three years to make this a reality.
- As of December 2009, programs financed by the Global Fund provided ART to 2.5 million people. In addition, they have provided 790,000 HIV-positive pregnant women with treatment to prevent mother-to-child transmission of HIV; 4.5 million basic care and support services to orphans and other children made vulnerable by AIDS; 105 million HIV counseling and testing sessions, and 1.8 billion condoms.
- Through 2009, programs funded by the Global Fund had provided treatment to 6 million people who had active TB, and provided 1.8 million combined HIV and TB services.
- By the end of 2009, Global Fund-supported programs had distributed 104 million insecticide-treated nets to prevent malaria. They also supported indoor residual spraying of insecticides in dwellings more than 19 million times and treated 108 million cases of malaria in accordance with national treatment guidelines. Global Fund investments have played a critical role in introducing and expanding coverage of novel, effective malaria treatments in many countries where drug resistance to older treatments is high.
- For decades, the spread of malaria was unstoppable. Today, at least ten endemic countries in Africa have reported declines in new malaria cases and an impressive decline in child mortality of 50 to 80 percent.