June 28, 2021

The Honorable Chris Coons (D-DE)  The Honorable Lindsey Graham (R-SC)
Chairman  Ranking Member
Senate Appropriations Subcommittee  Senate Appropriations Subcommittee
on State and Foreign Operations  on State and Foreign Operations
Washington, DC 20510  Washington, DC 20510

Dear Chairman Coons and Ranking Member Graham,

As you begin consideration of the Department of State and Foreign Operations Appropriations Bill for fiscal year (FY) 2022, we strongly urge you to allocate robust funding for the Maternal and Child Health (MCH) account, including Gavi, the Vaccine Alliance, and the Nutrition account. This funding is critical to preserving effective, evidence-based, poverty-focused assistance that saves lives and helps strengthen economies in developing countries.

U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID) MCH and Nutrition programs form the backbone of the U.S. commitment to help end preventable child and maternal deaths globally. While reductions in global mortality rates for women and children are two of the biggest success stories in international development, there remain significant gaps in maternal and child survival as well as outstanding opportunities for U.S. investment to intervene early for improved child development and life-long health. The impacts of COVID-19 are exacerbating these gaps and disproportionately impacting the world’s most vulnerable – primarily women and children – and undermining decades of progress.

In 2019, 5.2 million children under the age of five died from mainly preventable and treatable diseases. A significant proportion of under-five deaths occur in the first 28 days after birth; newborns account for nearly 50 percent of all under-five deaths. In the past, deaths from illnesses such as malaria and HIV have dropped significantly, but progress in preventing deaths from pneumonia and diarrhea has been much slower, especially in sub-Saharan Africa. While there are vaccines to prevent the deadliest cases, pneumonia and diarrheal diseases are still leading killers for children under five. Finally, recent estimates suggest that nearly 300,000 women continue to die annually of preventable causes related to pregnancy and childbirth, almost all in low-resource settings.

These numbers do not account for impacts due to COVID-19, which is disrupting already stretched essential health care services worldwide, including prenatal and maternity care and regular check-ups for young children to ensure proper nutrition and immunization. These disruptions are projected to cause significant increases to child and maternal mortality. Estimates for 2020 indicated that even a 10 percent decline in essential pregnancy-related and newborn care in low- and middle-income countries would result in 28,000 additional maternal deaths and 168,000 additional newborn deaths.

To continue progress and address persistent challenges, MCH programs support the delivery of low-cost, proven, life-saving services in 25 priority countries where the burden of preventable deaths is the highest. USAID’s generous investments help provide access to skilled birth
attendants and emergency obstetric care; training for frontline health workers; support for training caregivers to provide age-appropriate mental stimulation and nurturing care; clean water, sanitation, and hygiene; life-saving health commodities; and research and development of innovative tools.

A critical portion of the MCH account supports Gavi, which provides new and under-used vaccines to developing countries. This public-private partnership has enabled the immunization of more than 822 million children since 2000, preventing more than 14 million deaths. Unfortunately, according to data collected by the WHO, UNICEF, and Gavi, at least 80 million children under the age of one were likely affected by the cancellation or interruption of immunization services. Continued U.S. support of this partnership is critical to help save up to 8 million more lives, particularly in the wake of COVID-19. Gavi will be essential not only in maintaining and restoring routine immunizations, but in ensuring the equitable access to COVID-19 vaccines. As Gavi bolsters efforts to continue routine immunization and deliver COVID-19 vaccines to lower-income countries, USAID’s technical support is essential to support these efforts and enable broad access to vaccines.

The Nutrition account supports nutrition-specific programs for women and children, focusing on the first 1,000 days between pregnancy and a child’s second birthday. Absent quality nutrition and early intervention health and development services, a child’s physical and cognitive development is at risk of being stunted. As a result, almost a quarter of the world’s children never reach their full earning, social, and economic potential. In addition, hunger and malnutrition are projected to rise due to COVID-19. Projections for 2020 suggested that the number of children under five who are wasted may increase by 7 million, putting children at increased risk of death. U.S. leadership in support of nutrition is particularly critical this year to bolster global commitments to scale up this important intervention, including at the 2021 Nutrition for Growth Summit.

Again, we urge you to allocate robust funding for MCH and Nutrition programs in FY22, along with continued support for other programs that contribute to the health and well-being of families and communities in developing countries. We look forward to working with you to ensure that the United States maintains its leadership in this global effort.

Sincerely,

Susan M. Collins
United States Senator

Jeanne Shaheen
United States Senator

Dan Sullivan
United States Senator

Robert Menendez
United States Senator
Thom Tillis  
United States Senator

Todd Young  
United States Senator

Roger Marshall, M.D.  
United States Senator

Ron Wyden  
United States Senator

Tammy Baldwin  
United States Senator

Dianne Feinstein  
United States Senator

Edward J. Markey  
United States Senator

Margaret Wood Hassan  
United States Senator

Kyrsten Sinema  
United States Senator

Richard J. Durbin  
United States Senator

Chris Van Hollen  
United States Senator

Maria Cantwell  
United States Senator

Joe Manchin III  
United States Senator

Richard Blumenthal  
United States Senator

Sherrod Brown  
United States Senator

Jacky Rosen  
United States Senator
Thomas R. Carper  
United States Senator

Angus S. King, Jr.  
United States Senator

Bernard Sanders  
United States Senator

Tim Kaine  
United States Senator

Christopher S. Murphy  
United States Senator

Amy Klobuchar  
United States Senator

Benjamin L. Cardin  
United States Senator

Jeffrey A. Merkley  
United States Senator

Elizabeth Warren  
United States Senator

Debbie Stabenow  
United States Senator

Kirsten Gillibrand  
United States Senator

Cory A. Booker  
United States Senator

Alex Padilla  
United States Senator

Gary C. Peters  
United States Senator

Raphael Warnock  
United States Senator

Robert P. Casey, Jr.  
United States Senator
Mazie K. Hirono
United States Senator

Jon Ossoff
United States Senator

Michael F. Bennet
United States Senator

Ben Ray Luján
United States Senator

Mark R. Warner
United States Senator